A COSTLY CANDLE.

A Light in the Hands of an Auctioneer's Clerk Starts a Fire,

Which Ends in the Destruction of Several Large Buildings on Royal Street

And the Injury of Builder Schneider and Three of His Colored Laborers.

Some Stirring Scenes and Incidents of the Thirty-Thousand-Dollars Conflagration.

At about 8:45 o'clock yesterday evening the residents on Royal and Customhouse streets were startled by a report as if an explosion had taken place, followed almost immediately afterwards by a loud detonation as if a wall had fallen in. The sounds had hardly died away when the cry of "Fire!" was raised, and, in a moment more, volumes of smoke poured out from the building Nos. 32 and 34 Royal street.

The cry of fire now became general, and Officer John Hurley hastened to box 81 and turned in an alarm, which brought out the department. A squad of police, in charge of Captains Collein and Journee, were promptly on hand, and while assisting the firemen were informed that several

MEN HAD BEEN BURIED

under a falling wall on the inside of the adjoining building.

This caused considerably more excitement, and people began rushing to the front and the rear of the building in Exchange alley. The truth of the report that human beings were under the wall was now learned, and many were found ready and willing to hasten into the place to the rescue of the unfortunates.

The men, it seems, were at work on the inside of building No. 36 Royal street, formerly known as the Royal Palace beer dive, and which was consumed by fire some months ago. The wall dividing the two buildings is said to have been cracked by the previous fire, and when the fire took place yesterday Mr. B. J. Schneider, the boss builder, called out to his men to hurry up and save whatever tools they could, and also secure the ropes. He was standing on the second floor at the time, and when the heat struck the wall the breach therein opened wider and it

TOPPLED AND FELL,

carrying with it Mr. Schneider and three of the colored workmen, named Joseph Bowles, aged 23 years, residing on Adams, between Plum and Fourth streets; Nat Smith, aged 51 years, residing on Willow, between Melpomene and Thalia streets, and Jackson Montegut, aged 45 years, residing No. 336½ Sixth street, between St. Denis and St. Patrick streets.

The crowd was not long in removing the bricks and broken timber from over the men and brought them out, bleeding and bruised. Mr. Schneider was hastily taken to the mortage office. Bowles and Smith were removed to Eugene May's drugstore, while Montegut was taken into an adjoining office. The two ambulances were called out to attend to the injured men. Mr. Schneider was found to be severely injured about the back, arms and shoulders, and had several

CONTUSIONS OF THE SCALP.

He was taken to his residence, No. 366 Jackson avenue.

Montegut was severely injured about the head, face and body, and was taken to the hospital, as was Smith, who was severely injured about the right and left side of the body and had a deep wound over the right eye. Bowles was severely injured about the head, and after having his wounds dressed, he proceeded to his home.

While all of this excitement was going on the fire had gained wonderful headway and had communicated to the adjoining building, No. 36 Royal street, which was only partially constructed.

The department found an ample supply of water on hand and did excellent work, but it was soon seen that the two buildings were doomed, and in the course of a short while the front walls of both structures toppled and fell into the street

WITH A FEARFUL CRASH,

thereby putting an end to the conflagration.

The building Nos. 32 and 34 Royal street was a three-story brick structure and was owned by Larry Plant and occupied on the ground floor by Albert Brignoni, the auctioneer, and on the upper floor by Mrs. Susie Rechter. The building some years ago was condemned, and about twenty days ago Larry Plant purchased it from R. B. Forman for $13,000, and paid him a part of the money. He does not know if the building was insured or not. Mr. Brignoni's stock was valued at about $3000 and was not insured. Mrs. Rechter's furniture and personal effects were valued at $1000 and were not insured.

The adjoining three-story brick building, No. 36 Royal street, was owned by John P. Becker, and was to be opened for business as a saloon by the 1st of January.

The three-story building Nos. 28 and 30 Royal street, corner of Customhouse street, owned and occupied on the upper floor by Anthony Monteleone as a shoe factory, was

DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

The ground floor at No. 30 Royal street was occupied by Salvatore Patorno as a barber-shop. His stock was saved in a damaged condition and is fully covered by insurance.

The corner building was being fitted up as a shoe store by Mr. Monteleone.

The building No. 93 Customhouse street, owned by Mr. Monteleone and occupied by Messrs. Kelly & Quayle as a barroom, was damaged considerably by water and fire. The stock was damaged to the extent of about $400 and is insured for $850 in the Firemen's Company. Mr. Monteleone's loss is covered by a policy for $10,000 in the L. H. Terry agency. The total loss is estimated at about $30,000.

The fire originated on the ground floor of the building Nos. 32 and 34 Royal street. One of the employes, named Dan Bishop, it seems, lit a match in order to ascertain the number on a lounge, and while looking for the mark, a piece of the match fell and

IGNITED SOME SHAVINGS.

The flames quickly communicated to some varnish and oil. Before the employes could realize what had taken place several sofas were on fire, and in a short while the fire began to rage with fury.

The woman Mrs. Rechter barely escaped with her life, and was taken out of the building by some parties. She was upstairs scrubbing when the fire broke out. Some one ran up to her crying, "Get out, get out, the building is burning!"

In the meantime news reached the street that a woman was in the upper floor of the burning building. Louis Knop, foreman of No. 8, with several men, got a ladder to the building. Immediately the brave foreman was joined by Tom Lilly, W. A. Troyer and S. J. Philbin, of American No. 2. Just as the ladder was placed under the window

WHERE THE WOMAN WAS

supposed to be imprisoned, the wall fell. Two men were on the ladder at the time, and as the cloud of smoke rose and enveloped them many thought that they had gone down under the burning wall. The two firemen, George Martin and Louis Knop, had jumped to the gallery and ran to the Customhouse street side, where the smoke and fire could not reach them.

When the wall fell, J. S. Mobry, of American 2, was on the ground just in front of the burning building, in the act of pulling a hose towards the ladder. The masonry tumbled and the bricks and timber fell all around, Mobry escaping death by a few inches during the bombardment.

Dr. O. Salomon, John Sullivan and John Berkery, of Fire Company No. 14, were on Royal street just in front of the building when the wall fell. Sullivan and Berkery ran towards Customhouse street and escaped. Dr. Salomon was hemmed in on all sides and could not pass the building. So, taking his only chance for salvation, he ran to one of Solari's doors, which are covered with iron lattices, and climbed up the iron bars to the top of the door. As Dr. Salomon ran across the street the iron railing that had originally been on the second floor fell in front of him, and it was with great difficulty that he managed to get clear of the debris.

On questioning some of the workmen who were in the building No. 36 Royal street when the wall came down, it was learned that Mr. Schneider

HAD CAUTIONED HIS MEN

about the defective wall, as he considered it dangerous. He had instructed them that when they noticed any of the bricks to be loose and liable to fall to remove them gently. Shortly before the fire broke out Mr. Schneider had instructed his men, who were at work on the third floor, to bring down the block and tackle and ropes.

Upon hearing the cry of fire some of the workmen ran into the burning building and attempted to extinguish the flames. Seeing their efforts futile they returned to save their effects and tools.

Mr. Schneider at this time was standing on the second floor, and he cried out to his men to take their tools and the ropes and get out. Just then the wall fell in. George Bulining, Henry Herich and Henry Eastman, carpenters, were on the third floor when the wall caved in behind them. Bulining immediately secured a rope and rushed to the front window. The rope was tied to the iron bars of the window and

THE MEN LOWERED THEMSELVES

to the shed on the second floor and then slid down the electric light pole.

There was a rumor circulated last evening that a man had been seen in the building when the wall fell on the inside, and as he was not seen again it is supposed that he perished in the flames. Chief O'Connor, however, does not think that any person is buried in the ruins.

NAUTICAL NOTES.

Sale of Vessels.

The British steamer Wm. Burkitt, 1902 tons gross, has been sold for £7000. She was built on the Tyne in 1878. The Kisanga of Liverpool has been sold for about £18,000. The bark Marseille, at Liverpool, has been sold for £2200, and the brigantine Argyle for about £1500. She was built in 1882.

The Italian bark Carmelina V. has been sold to Hamburg parties and is now called the Santos.

The bark James T. Stone, 675 tons register, has been sold to Norwegians for £1600.

The British steamer Blythewood, of London, built in 1870, has been sold to Henry Briggs, of South Shields.

The British bark Sulitilma, 964 tons register, built in 1880, was sold at Valparaiso.

From and for New York.

The Morgan Line steamship New York, Captain E. F. Parker, from New York with a general cargo, consigned to the Southern Pacific Company, has arrived in port. She reports having sailed on the evening of Oct. 20, and experienced strong west to southwest gales to cape Lookout, thence strong north to northwest winds with fine weather, crossing the bar at 9:40 a. m., Oct. 27, and arrived at her wharf at 7:20 p. m. on the same date. On Oct. 25 exchanged signals with the steamer El Sol, hence for New York. On Oct. 26, 185 miles from South pass, met the steamer Chalmette hence for New York.

The Knickerbocker.

The Cromwell Line steamship Knickerbocker, Captain T. P. C. Halsey, from New York, with a general cargo, consigned to A. Moulton & Co., has arrived at post 8, Second district, bringing as passengers Miss Carrie Couples, G. F. Scholler, R. Alfonso, and eight in the steerage. She reports having sailed on Oct. 21 at 4 p. m., and had fine weather, with fresh west and south winds to Charleston, followed by variable winds to the gulf of Mexico, where she experienced fresh northwest winds, crossing the bar at 2:40 a. m., and arrived at her wharf at 2 p. m. yesterday.

Travelers by Sea.

The steamship Breakwater, Captain C. W. Clarke, sails to-day for Puerto Cortez, via Belize and Livingston, with an assorted cargo and the following passengers: John Robertson, Mrs. John Robertson, Miss May Robertson, Master John Robertson, Miss May Petty, Alfred Gratton, Miss May Murray, Miss Daisy Murray, Miss Ada Murray, Henry T. Price, Mrs. Mary Price, Henry Hegerman, Con Couson, John Harley, Mrs. John Harley, and Richard Flower.

Charters.

Steamers Knight Commander (Br.), New Orleans to Liverpool 5-16d, continent 21-64d, December.

Oakdale (Br.), Fernandina, Fla., to united kingdom, 21s one. 25s two ports, November.

Noord Braband (Nor.), New Orleans to Liverpool 41s 3d, December.

Knight Companion (Br.), New Orleans, berthed for Liverpool, and Longton (Br.), Liverpool, Havre or Bremen, 41s 3d, December.

Llanthony Abbey (Br.), Galveston to Liverpool 45s, Bremen 46s 3d, middle of November.

Clara (Br.), Galveston to united kingdom or continent 29s, oil cake, November or December.

Arrival of the Bellucia.

The British steamship Bellucia, 1770 tons net, Captain Ole Aagaard, from Montevideo via St. Lucia for coal and orders, in ballast, consigned to A. K. Miller, Meletta & Co., has arrived at post 21, First district, where she will load for Liverpool. She reports having sailed on Oct. 1, and for several days had strong head winds, followed by ordinary weather until passing Jamaica, when she experienced fresh north winds, rain, thunder and lightning, thence good weather to port.

Tin Plate From Swansea.

The British steamship Bushmills, 1589 tons net, Captain O. Benning, from Swansea with tin plate, consigned to A. K. Miller, Melletta & Co., has arrived at post 43, Fourth district, where she will load for Bremen. She reports having sailed on Oct. 2 and had moderate weather down the channel, thence strong northwest and southwest gales to Oct. 7, followed by moderate winds and fine weather, crossing the bar at 5:30 p. m., Oct. 27, and arrived at her wharf at an early hour yesterday morning.

In Ballast.

The British steamship Florence, 1609 tons net, Captain John Lax, from Newport, in ballast, consigned to A. K. Miller, Meletta & Co., has arrived at post 44, Fourth district, where she will load with cotton for Havre. She reports having sailed on Oct. 7, and had strong southwest gales, with much sea, until south of St. Michaels; thence fine weather, with a heavy northwest swell, to Abaco; thence good weather to the bar, crossing on the afternoon of Oct. 27, and arrived in port yesterday morning.

For Bremen.

The British steamship Inchmarlo, 1924 tons net, Captain J. W. Eno, from Liverpool in ballast, consigned to Ross, Howe & Merrow, has arrived at the head of Fifth street, where she will load for Bremen. She reports having sailed on Oct. 6 and had strong winds to the Azores, followed by moderate, variable winds and weather to the bar, crossing on Oct. 27, and arrived at her wharf yesterday morning.

Health Office Instructions to Pilots.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Oct. 28.—[Special.]—The board of health has notified local pilots that vessels from infected ports, but having no sickness on board, and having had none during the voyage, may be conducted to the local quarantine station from this state, until the close of the quarantine season, Nov. 15. Vessels of the objectionable character, as usual, are to be sent to the Chandeleur station.

Phosphate for Bristol.

The British steamship Cape Colona, Captain H. Alston, from Charlotte Harbor, Fla., with 2000 tons phosphate for Bristol, England, consigned to Ross, Howe & Merrow, has arrived at the head of Fifth street, where she will fill out with cotton for Havre. She reports having sailed on Oct. 25, and experienced fine weather to port.

Driven Ashore.

LELAND, Mich., Oct. 28.—The City of Erie, while loading slabs at Gill's pier, was caught in the heavy gale which prevailed yesterday, and, being unable to get away, dragged its anchor and went on the beach. The vessel is a total wreck.

Gone to Sea.

The steamships New Orleans and El Mar for New York, and Scaw Fell for Havre via Norfolk sailed on Tuesday night, and the Darlington for Bremen, Stura for Genoa, Victoria for Hamburg via Newport News and Crosswell for Hamburg via Norfolk sailed yesterday.

The Passes.

PORT EADS, Oct. 28, 6 P. M.—Wind northeast, fresh.

Arrived: At 2:40 a. m., steamship Knickerbocker, Kemble, master, from New York to A. Moulton & Co.

Sailed: Steamships Gussie for Bluefields, El Mar and New Orleans for New York, Scaw Fell for Havre via Norfolk, Darlington for Bremen via Newport News, Victoria for Hamburg via Newport News and Crosswell for Hamburg via Norfolk.

SPANISH FLOOD SUFFERERS.

The Spanish consul has received the following additional subscriptions for the flood sufferers in Spain:

Amount previously reported	$2,332 10
Rev. M. Coughlan	1 00
Mark C. Sintes	5 00
A. V. Noguaira, Dallas, Tex.	2 00
Captain, officers and crew Spanish steamship Alicia	45 00
Captain, officers and crew Spanish steamship Gaditano	49 75
P. J. Montross, collection made by him in Biloxi, Miss.	85 00
Total to date	$2,519 85

POLICE BOARD.

Conflicting Stories Concerning the Algiers Gambling Game.

The Charges Against Sergeant Chas. H. Vogt Dismissed.

Eighteen Applicants for the Rank of Supernumerary Patrolman Elected.

Commanding Officers Must Hereafter Appear in Uniform.

The board of police commissioners met at 7 o'clock last night, Mayor Shakspeare presiding, and Commissioners Borne, Demoruelle, Denis and Parker present. Superintendent Gaster and his secretary, Mr. Geo. W. Vandervort, were also present.

The case against Sergeant Charles H. Vogt, Tenth precinct, charged with conduct unbecoming an officer, was called for trial. The charge was based upon a communication from Thomas Buhler, dated July 10, 1891, charging that Vogt owed him $44 70, which had been lost at a gambling game in his house in Algiers; that Vogt had asked for time to pay the debt, and that he had finally refused to pay, on the ground that he had been "playing for the house," and that, besides, something was due him for allowing the game to run.

Sergeant Vogt admitted that he had played poker at Buhler's, but denied that he was interested in the game in any way or that he had accepted money to allow it to be carried on.

Thos. Buhler, the complainant, was sworn and said that some ten months ago he ran a gambling game in Algiers. Vogt interested himself in the game, induced persons to play in it and sought to secure a percentage of the profits. Vogt was always in uniform when he appeared and took part in the game. Upon one occasion Vogt had lost $27 and failed to pay. Subsequently, he (Vogt) was reminded of the debt and said that if he (Buhler) did not keep quiet about the matter he would close the house up. Finally, Buhler claimed that witnesses by whom he had intended to substantiate his charges had been tampered with and then admitted, in answer to a question by Colonel Denis, that had it not been for the debt he would not have prosecuted the sergeant.

Commissioner Borne said that so far as he knew Buhler's place had never been regarded as a gambling-house, although it was known that a social game was played there. He thought that there was

SOME SPITE IN THIS MATTER.

John Tiebold, a defense witness, testified that he had seen Sergeant Vogt in uniform in Buhler's place upon two separate occasions. The place was not, however, a regular gambling-house.

Nick Gorman testified that he had seen the sergeant at play in the house, but not often.

Peter Buhler, a defense witness, was heard, but did not add materially to the strength of either side.

Superintendent Gaster was asked to specify the hours during which commanding officers were on duty, and replied that the hours varied according to the duty. Sometimes they might go home as early as 9 or 10 o'clock p. m., at others they would have to remain on duty until 2 or 3 o'clock a. m., perhaps all night. A commanding officer was, figuratively, upon duty at all times.

Sergeant Vogt, in making a statement in his own behalf, said that he had never played poker in Buhler's place in uniform. He had been in the house, but only after 9 p. m., and when his precinct was quiet. He called the attention of the board to the length of time which had elapsed before the charges were brought.

In view of the conflicting testimony the board was divided. Commissioners Parker and Demoruelle held that it was improper for the sergeant to have participated in the game at all. Commissioners Denis and Borne and the mayor held that the board could not control the officer's leisure hours and that it was impracticable to deprive him of all means of recreation.

Commissioner Borne moved the dismissal of the charges and the board was tied upon the vote, Commissioners Denis and Borne voting for the motion and Commissioners Parker and Demoruelle against it.

Mayor Shakspeare voted in the affirmative, because it was not proven that the place was a regular gambling-house. If he believed the place to be such he would have voted to dismiss the sergeant at once. The charge was therefore dismissed.

Patrolman John Petteway, Eighth precinct, arraigned upon the charge of gross neglect of duty—failing to appear to prosecute a case in which he had made the arrest—pleaded guilty under extenuating circumstances, and was fined five days' pay.

Supernumerary Patrolman Patrick Walsh, Second precinct, failed to appear to answer the charge of disobedience of orders, and was dismissed the force.

Patrolman Joseph Asher pleaded not guilty to the charge of leaving his beat without leave and violating rule 136, police manual. It was shown that the officer was taken sick suddenly on the night of Oct. 16, and went home, first asking a brother officer to report his absence to the sergeant. The charge was dismissed.

Communications were received from the grand jury inclosing papers in two cases which they referred to the board for investigation. The first case was that of Patrolmen John Vigers and James Mullen, charged by Isabelle Shelton, colored, with breaking into her room, subjecting her to violent and abusive treatment and then arresting her. The second case was that of Captain Barrett, Sergeant Ruth and Corporal Porteous, charged by Fanny Thompson and Harriet Riley with false imprisonment.

The petition of Sergeant Blancher for

A REHEARING OF HIS CASE

was refused.

Ex-Corporal J. L. Gross was granted one day's pay, omitted from the September roll.

Special Officer Littleton was granted leave of absence for fifteen days, and Patrolman J. B. Yates leave of absence for eight days.

The application of Patrolman James Fordyce for thirty days' leave of absence was refused.

The application of Sergeant Blancher to be allowed to receive a reward of $50 offered him by Dr. Noha for the recovery of certain stolen good, which had been pending for some time, was taken up, and, upon motion of Commissioner Denis, and in view of the recent dismissal of the sergeant, it was decided to return the amount to Dr. Noha.

In the same connection the report of Captain Journee upon the case, in which he charged that Specials Flotte and Dale had procured the publication of an article attacking Sergeant Blancher and the report of the superintendent upon the whole subject matter were tabled subject to call.

The resignation of Officer A. Chapron, Seventh precinct, was accepted.

The following applicants were elected supernumerary patrolmen:

Henry Labeau, William Bland, Thomas W. Golden, Arthur Boisdore, A. D. Terrebonne, Robert J. Sass, Joseph S. Mabry, Gregory Young, E. J. Trinchard, P. J. Bell, James O'Connor, Robert W. Brooks, H. B. Wilson, Joseph Ollie, John Keenen, Benedict Ingouf, August Mora, Louis Behrmann.

At the suggestion of Commissioner Demoruelle the chief was directed to enforce strictly the order requiring commanding officers to appear in uniform.

On motion of Commissioner Denis the pay of mounted men was increased $5 per month from Nov. 1.

Commissioner Denis read these paragraphs from the Picayune's report of the last meeting of the board:

"Major E. L. Bowers called the board's attention to a recent ordinance instructing the board to order the chief to detail two officers per month to act as assistants to Pound Contractor Kerr.

"The board expressed it as its unanimous opinion that the council has not the power to direct the police board to do anything."

Colonel Denis said that though he had not been present at the meeting, he did not think that the reply of the board had been correctly reported. He did not think the reply had been couched in such terms and the board

SHOULD BE SET RIGHT.

He was confident that at no time had there been the least intention of treating the council with discourtesy.

Commissioners Demoruelle and Parker agreed with Colonel Denis.

The mayor laid the case of Pound Contractor Kerr before the board and communicated the orders he had issued to the police regarding assistance to be furnished him.

The board then adjourned.

THE ELKS.

The New Orleans Lodge of Elks last night held a most delightful social session at their new home, corner of Canal and Bourbon streets. Mr. J. Sherer was the chairman of the evening and presided in a most happy manner. There was a large number of guests, especially professional people, and the evening was pleasantly spent, music, song and recitation making up the programme. There was also plenty of refreshments for everybody.

THE FRENCH MARKET.

Resume of the Trouble—The Sinking Recommences—Greatest at the Wharf's Inner Edge.

The trouble at the French Market has again changed, this time for the worse, the sinking having recommenced, as suggested by State Engineer Thompson, at the outer edge.

The trouble began almost six weeks ago, when the tracks of the Southern Pacific and Louisville and Nashville Roads began falling slowly near the head of St. Philip street. But little attention was paid to the matter, the river front in the locality having been subject to such occurrences for the past forty years.

On the 14th inst. Assistant Engineer Bell, of the Orleans levee board, made an incomplete survey of the locality, and found that a cave crack had started back of the Southern Pacific main track just below St. Philip street, extending down stream into the river below Ursulines street and up to St. Ann street.

The sinking continued slowly over the entire cave area until last Friday morning, the engineers paying but little heed to it, believing that, the sinking being caused by the washing out of a thin substratum of quicksand, the ground would fall a few feet and settle.

Shortly before daybreak last Friday morning the sinking became more rapid, and by nightfall the railroad tracks between Ursulines and Dumaine streets were almost impassible, the outer switch, belonging to the Louisville and Nashville Road, having fallen some five feet, while outside the tracks, just below the head of Ursulines street, the fall had grown to at least ten feet.

The sinking at that time was principally on the inside, the bulkheads of the Harrison Line wharf having gone down but little, but during the next forty-eight hours the settling extended outward, causing the whole span between the railroad tracks and wharf to break up badly.

During the period traffic was greatly impaired on the Southern Pacific Route, and almost suspended on the Louisville and Nashville system.

From Monday night until noon yesterday there was practically no sinking, and the railroads, with cribbings and filling, placed their tracks in excellent order and freight and passenger trains were yesterday run on all the tracks.

Yesterday afternoon, however, the sinking recommenced in earnest on the outside, and during the afternoon and evening the fall along the bulkhead was several feet, while several large fissures appeared on the inside, deep enough for the seepage water from the river to stand in them from six inches to two feet deep.

Last night the average depth of the sunken portion was 10 feet below the original level, with the bulkhead rapidly increasing the average fall. The planking is breaking up rapidly and the wharf lessees are having the lumber and timber carried to safe quarters.

The results of the newly commenced sinking is awaited with great interest by all interested in the locality, nearly all of whom are firm in the opinion that the sunken area will soon slide off into the river. The railroads, however, have not lost hope, and keep large forces at work on the tracks, over which the trains run regularly.

The Louisville and Nashville Road is still working on its side track in order to fit it for use, and the Southern Pacific laborers are beginning to repair the road's abandoned and partly torn up switch.

THE PLAQUEMINE CAVE.

Two Projected Lines Staked Off.

PLAQUEMINE, La., Oct. 28.—[Special.]—Assistant State Engineer Perilliat was here to-day running lines for the new levee made necessary by the cave at the head of Plaquemine street. The line that he will recommend runs from a point at the head of Main street to the point just below Plaquemine street, preserving enough of Bank street to permit a narrow road for cars, etc.

This line would throw out two wooden buildings belonging to Widow Victor Donas, two brick buildings belonging to Mr. Ed Desobri, and two belonging to Messrs. Milan & Labauve.

At the request of the people, Mr. Perilliat has run another line, which, if followed, would save more than half of the above property, and this levee will be built by individuals here, thus saving the state a large expenditure. Besides, it is believed that the mattresses, which will soon be sunk here, will prevent further caving.

BOY'S HIGH SCHOOL.

The Building Enlarged and Repaired and Put in Excellent Sanitary Condition.

The system of repairs which was inaugurated during the summer upon the McDonogh High School for boys, on Calliope street, is nearly completed. The entire building has been repainted and calcimined within, and marked changes made in the structural arrangements of the various department.

At the suggestion of Prof. J. V. Calhoun, the principal, the McDonogh commissioners directed a spacious annex to be made in the rear portion of the building. The immense brick wall was torn down, and about 35 feet added to the two rear apartments above and below; the wall separating those latter rooms upon the lower floor was torn aside, and the whole thrown into an assembly hall about 65 feet in length and 53½ in width, making it, perhaps, the largest school assembly room in the city. The room is appropriately furnished and finely ventilated.

The McDonogh commissioners have purchased a handsome set of bookcases, which are expected to arrive daily, and a large circulating library will be established in this department for the benefit of the students.

The front room in the old building, which served as an assembly hall during the occupancy of the building by the girls' high school, has been fitted up for the Latin department under Prof. Calhoun. In this department, and throughout the classrooms of the entire building, the lower portion of the surrounding walls for a height of about 12 feet has been torn aside and a hard cement substituted, and properly finished for blackboard purposes, with this advantage over ordinary lustrous blackboards, that the finishing coating is a dull black, thus permitting whatever is written upon the board to be visible to pupils in any portion of the room.

In the upper story, the front rooms of the old building on either side have been fitted up for the classes in natural sciences. A large chemical laboratory adjoins the one, and an appropriately fitted-up museum the other.

In the rear, a portion of the annex will serve as classrooms for the mathematical and commercial departments. The latter room is especially well arranged, with a spacious stretch of blackboard, extending 35 feet in length on either side by 20 in width at each end of the apartment. Prof. Calhoun declares this room to be the best equipped commercial department in New Orleans.

A small room for the performance of the clerical work of the school has been fitted up in this portion of the building.

The yard and basement have been handsomely paved with Schillinger cement; two large new cisterns have been built, and an abundant supply of water henceforth secured to the school.

The portress' quarters have been improved by the erection of a neat two-story lodge, containing two rooms above, two rooms below and a kitchen annex. Throughout the entire school building and yard the greatest attention has been paid to ventilation and sanitary regulations, the aim of the faculty being to promote in the highest degree the physical health of the pupils as well as their mental development.

It was recess time when the reporter called, and the excellent order and discipline observed throughout the play ground during this trying hour of the day was a credit not only to the management of the faculty, but also to the gentlemanly instincts of the young students.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, allays all pain, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Wanted—The names of persons troubled with asthma or any cough. Samples and book mailed free. F. GOUAUX, Houma, La.

Gouaux's Asthma Remedies and Cough Cure will relieve you after all others have failed; try, you will be surprised.

CITY HALL.

The Camp and Melpomene Canals.

Major B. M. Harrod, city engineer, has addressed the following letter concerning the Camp and Melpomene canals, and the propositions to culvert the same, to the city council:

"As instructed at your last meeting, I have modified the specifications for the Camp and Melpomene canal culverts by adding thereto a cover. In this cover there will be such outlets as may be necessary for overflow.

"The capabity of discharge of the present canal is not too great for the area drained. This capacity is not decreased in the plan for the culvert. But, in either case, the discharge, as I have before reported, is about five times that of the draining machine at its outlet. Until a more efficient is built overflows must still occur, no matter how the culvert might be improved, and for these suitable outlets must be provided.

"It is absolutely essential, if this work goes on, that an inspector should be appointed. It would be a most serious mistake to undertake such work without the daily and continuous supervision of a man who is familiar with materials, construction and the use of a level and transit. I therefore request authority to appoint an inspector at a salary of not less than $125 per month.

The Experts at Work.

The commission appointed to inspect the Fifth district fire department's plant with a view to its purchase by the city for the use of the new paid department met at the Canal street ferry landing at 9 o'clock yesterday morning.

There were present Mr. E. L. Stream and Chief Engineer Thomas O'Neil, of the Sixth district department, the experts appointed by the mayor on behalf of the city, and Fire Commissioners John F. Simpson and Frank Barker.

Proceeding to Algiers the party found that, owing to the absence of Mr. Connell, who with Colonel Matt O'Brien represented the Firemen's Charitable Association of the Fifth district as experts, it would be impossible to proceed with the business in hand. They waited until 11 o'clock for Mr. Connell and then returned to the city.

The work of inspecting the plant of the Fireman's Charitable Association of the First, Second, Third and Fourth districts of the city will be commenced to-day. This will consume two days and there will then remain the Fifth and Seventh district plants to be inspected. No date has yet been set for these inspections.

It is said that Mr. Connell was not notified of the intended inspection.

A Princely Gift.

During the mayor's recent illness he received a letter from Mrs. C. E. Surgot, Bordeaux, France, in which she said: "I take the liberty of enclosing to your address a check for $10,000, which was left by Mrs. M. A. Surgot to be divided among the most needy charities of the city of New Orleans, as I was advised to place the money in your hands as being the most responsible person for disposing of it judiciously."

The mayor has distributed the fund as follows, and the managers of the several institutions have been asked to call for their checks:

Sisters of the Holy Family	$1,000
Faith Home for the Aged and Destitute	500
Little Sisters of the Poor	1,000
New Orleans Female Orphan Asylum	1,000
Protestant Episcopal Children's Home	1,000
Protestant Orphan's Home	1,000
St. Anna's Asylum	1,000
Old Folk's Home	500
St. Mary's Orphan Boys' Asylum	1,000
Women's and Children's Hospital	1,000
Soldier's Home	1,000

Tax Collections.

Treasurer Hardy's report of the collection of taxes of 1891, personal and real, up to and including Oct. 13, 1891, is as follows:

Personal taxes, last report	$660,629 64
Collected since	33,726 68
	$694,356 32
Real estate, last report	$1,395,121 29
Collected since	10,077 91
	$1,405,199 20

This shows a grand total of real and personal taxes collected up to the 27th of October of $2,099,555 52.

The percentage of each tax collected up to Oct. 19 is: Personal, 85 per cent; real, 77.7; both, 80 per cent.

To Pay for Algiers Levees.

Among the floating indebtedness of the city are rolls for the payment of labor and materials used in the construction of the Fifth district (Algiers) levees and which are to be paid out of the reserve fund of 1886. It seems so doubtful that these claims will ever be reached and paid in this manner that Councilman Daniels will endeavor to secure the passage by the council of an ordinance substituting in this case the reserve fund of 1890 for that of 1886.

Committee Meetings.

The following committee meetings have been bulletined:

Health, Thursday, Oct. 22, 12 m.; finance, Monday, Nov. 2, at 7:30 p. m.

At its meeting to-day the health committee will consider the sanitary features of the proposal to lay a sewer pipe from the Touro Infirmary and the Asylum of the Little Sisters of the Poor to the river.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Recorded at the office of the board of health Oct. 28, 1891:

BIRTHS.

Mrs. Adolph Laine, a girl.
Mrs. Joseph Littlefield, a girl.
Mrs. Joseph Thaller, a girl.
Mrs. Solomon Gilbert, a girl.
Mrs. Giuseppi Cicsi, a boy.
Mrs. John Kusport, a girl.
Mrs. Stonewall Hanna, a girl.
Mrs. John Schellhass, a girl.

MARRIAGES.

Louis Loroque and Miss Marie de Vezin.
George Speers and Mrs. Ellen Blue.
Albert Crozat and Miss Evelina Matherne.
Oscar Brugier and Miss Irene Quatreveaux.
James Vienne and Miss Carrie Howell.
Wm. Boizelle and Miss Jeanne Escousse.
Michael Lawler and Widow Mary Conner.
Wm. B. Tinker and Miss Katherine Winck.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Margaret McEnany, age unknown, 241 Napoleon avenue.
*Mary E. de Castro, 2 years, 155 N. Prieur.
Joseph J. Hamilton, 32 years, Touro Infirmary.
Mrs. Alice Parkerson, 29 years, Baronne and Milan.
Male child of Mrs. George Deruise, 9 hours, Villere and Clouet.
Vermita Dejoie, 9 days, Jersey and Constantinople.
Wm. H. Harrison, 65 years, 680 Constance.
John Augustin, 95 years, First and Howard.
Edna Cruzan, 14 years, 292 Common.
Joseph Philip, 6 months, 27 South Miro.
Emile H. Haut, 8 days, 36 Congress.
John Fucich, 34 years, Chartres and Hospital.
Marie Igan, 8 days, 423 South Liberty.
Male child of Mrs. Albert Schaeffer, 14 days, 80 North Peters.
Adelbar Dugas, 78 years, 217 Esplanade.
Louis Moutor, 84 years, Algiers.
*Alice Duperu, 3 years, 403 Gravier.
John Bell, 19 years, 37 Gasquet.
*Diphtheria.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

Eugene Berjot to Nathan Hirsch, lot, bounded by Bourbon, St. Anne, Dumaine and Royal, $3500.

Antoni Frey to Eva H. Morgan, lot, bounded by Dauphine, Burgundy, Desire and Piety, $2500.

Widow Casper Redersheimer to Henry Heber, four lots, bounded by Claiborne, Customhouse, Derbigny and Bienville, $3500.

Geo. Redersheimer et als. to Widow Casper Redersheimer, lot, bounded by New Levee, Gravier, Common and Tchoupitoulas, $2500.

John Kemmler to Mrs. Mary M. Parker, lot, bounded by Constance, Laurel, Berlin and Milan, $300.

Widow E. B. Musgrove to Wm. G. Crawford, lot, bounded by Esplanade, Barracks, Dauphine and Burgundy, $6500.

THE COURTS.

United States District Court.

Dan Collins vs. Ste[illegible] Florence. Libel for wages, $9 50. Judgment for plaintiff.

Charles Howard vs. Steamer Laura Lee.—Libel for wages, $7. Steamer released on bond.

Willie Davis vs. Steamer W. H. Cherry. Libel for wages, $10 75.

Civil District Court.

SUCCESSIONS.

The successions of Laurent Stephano Tibler, John E. Potts and Mrs. Gertrude Lehmann were opened yesterday.

EMANCIPATION.

Joseph Ritter and August Rittiner have asked to be emancipated.

NEW SUITS.

Wackerbath & Joseph vs. N. A. Lovet.—Suit for $113 71 on open account.

Nellie Johnson vs. John Connelly.—Suit for $145 damages to a mule.

James Driscoll vs. Louisiana Electric Light and Power Company.—Suit for $3175 damages for injuries sustained through an electric shock.

Pettibone Manufacturing Company vs. S. Andre Cohen, Geo. P. P. David and Adolph Meyer.—Suit for $418 50 on notes.

The city of New Orleans has filed rules to produce property for the payment of personal taxes against the following for the amounts stated:

Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States for $800, Massachusetts Benefit Association of Boston for $300, Manhattan Life Insurance Company for $600, Mutual Life Insurance Company for $1050, New England Mutual Life Insurance Company for $200, New York Life Insurance Company for $1150, and Washington Life Insurance Company for $300.

Criminal District Court.

[Section A—Judge R. H. Marr presiding.]

TRIALS.

Charles Lott, assault and battery, guilty.

Alexander Herry, assault and battery, not guilty.

HABEAS CORPUS DENIED.

Judge Marr yesterday ruled against the motion for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Catherine Hayes, sentenced by Recorder Bringier for drunkenness and disorder to a fine of $10 and imprisonment for 30 days, with 30 days additional in default of payment. While admitting the sentence to be in excess of the power conferred upon the recorder by the city ordinance, the court sustained City Attorney Renshaw's claim that the remedy in such cases lying in an appeal to the supreme court, the criminal district court has no jurisdiction in the premises.

This decision will greatly facilitate the workings of the criminal court, removing from it many similar cases that consume a great deal of time.

GAMBLERS.

Louis P. Mattle and George W. Haas were yesterday arrested on the blank indictments returned Tuesday by the grand jury, for keeping a banking game, and released on $240 bonds, Hon. W. J. McGeehan signing for both men. Mattle is the man who recently preferred the charges against Sergeant J. B. Cooper before the police board. Haas, who had been Mattle's partner, was one of Cooper's witnesses.

First Recorder's Court.

[Recorder M. S. Bringier presiding.]

Joseph Johnson and James Seymour, for gambling, were fined $25 or 30 days each.

Sam Lewis, Richard Mosly, H. R. Smith and Louis Schneider, for fighting and disturbing the peace, were fined $2 50 or 10 days each.

John C. Lear, for shooting and wounding, was remanded without the benefit of bail. Joseph Douglas, a material witness, was paroled.

George Bentley, a dangerous and suspicious character, for fighting, was fined $10 or 30 days.

Butler Robinson, for breaking and entering and petty larceny, and for assaulting, cutting and wounding Lizzie Jefferson, was remanded in default of $500 bonds.

Henry Mickline, for assault and battery, and Robert Picketts, for assaulting Mike Miller, were sent before the criminal district court and remanded in default of $250 bonds.

Annie Nelson, Martha Poole and James Reed, for fighting and disturbing the peace, were each fined $10 or 30 days.

Timothy Cousin, for assaulting, cutting and wounding Dave Green, and Edward Grey, for breach of trust, were remanded in default of $250 bonds each.

Second Recorder's Court.

[Recorder A. M. Aucoin presiding.]

Henry Abraham, a dangerous and suspicious character, and George Williams, for petty larceny, were fined $25 or 30 days each.

Charles Saltz, R. O. Owen and Leo Walker, charged by Corporal Seelhorst with manslaughter, were placed under $1000 bonds each.

Joseph Lamo and Henry Peters, Jr., for disturbing the peace, were placed under $200 bonds.

Maggie Johnson and Fannie O'Neil, for fighting, were fined $5 or 10 days each.

THE KING'S DAUGHTERS.

In response to a call from Mrs. John Barkley, president of the King's Daughters, a representative member from each circle met in a body yesterday afternoon at the Business Woman's Exchange for the purpose of selecting a secretary and deciding upon the method of paying her a regular salary.

Miss Jennie Balfour, who has filled the position of secretary for the last three years without remuneration, was unanimously elected general secretary of the association.

It was decided to assess each individual member of the King's Daughter 40 cents per annum; this will provide a salary of about $15 or $20 a month for the secretary. She will henceforth be expected to be present at least three times a week at the Business Woman's Exchange, the headquarters of the King's Daughters in New Orleans.

The organization adjourned to meet on Saturday at 2 p. m. for the purpose of signing and forwarding the Maybrick petition.

AMUSEMENTS.

Herrmann, the great and only, the king among necromancers, is doing a wonderfully fine business at the St. Charles Theatre. The elite of the city, as in other days, are flocking to see him and sit under the spell of his magic. He has never performed so well and never seemed so clever as now, and his charming assistant, Mme. Addie Herrmann, in the "Black Art" act, and the wonderful "Strobrika," adds much to the pleasure of the evening.

Miss Maude Granger, a fine actress, with a good company, is doing well in emotional plays at the Academy of Music. To-night "Inherited" will be repeated.

"Paul Kauvar," Steele Mackaye's greatest play, continues the attraction at the Grand Opera House. It is a fine production with the original New York scenery.

Ada Melrose, in "The Southern Rose," continues at the People's Theatre.

Mr. John H. Garrison arrived in the city last night. He is business manager for Lewis Morrison in "Faust," an attraction very well known here. "Faust" comes to the Grand Opera House next Sunday night.

The William J. Gilmore Opera Company opens at the St. Charles next Sunday evening, presenting the successful operatic burletta, "The Sea King," which had a run of over eight weeks at Palmer's Theatre, New York, last season. The company consists of fifty artists, will have a specially augmented orchestra and brings two car loads of gorgeous scenery, which will be used in the presentation. This is the first comic opera of the season. Seats are now on sale for Sunday night.

"Jim, the Westerner," is the new attraction for the People's Theatre, to commence Sunday night. It is a bright comedy drama, refined and pleasing, and will be presented by a good company.

Mr. Charles Frohman, who has never sent a bad company on the road, and who is pleasantly remembered here as the manager of the Wallack-Frohman company which was here two months exposition year, sends us next week—commencing Sunday night at the Academy of Music—one of his latest comedy successes, which is William Gillette's "Mr. Wilkinson's Widows." Reserved seats for the "Widows" are now on sale at the Academy of Music.

Mr. Will G. Andrews is in the city working for the interests of "The Sea King."

Mr. W. G. Peterson, an old-time actor and manager, is here for "Jim, the Westerner."

Mr. Charles Foster, a veteran of the stage, who has written many successful dramas, and who wrote "Bertha, the Sewing Machine Girl," which made a hit twenty-five years ago, is here as a member of Maude Granger's company.

Mr. Louis John, light tenor, opera comique and operette, and Mr. Warnott, leader of orchestra for French opera, have made visits to the Picayune office. The new company is constantly rehearsing at the French Opera House, and will be ready for opening next Tuesday night.

You Can Rely

Upon Hood's Sarsaparilla as a positive remedy for every form of scrofula, salt rheum, boils, pimples and all other diseases caused by impure blood. It eradicates every impurity and at the same time tones and vitalizes the whole system.

Constipation, and all troubles with the digestive organs and the liver, are cured by Hood's Pills. Unequalled as a dinner pill.

VITAPATHIC TREATMENT.

A New System of Practice, and Complete Revolution of the Healing Art.

Arrival of Dr. J. D. MacLennan, the Great Practitioner of this System.

Quartered at 137 St. Charles Street,

Where He Has Consultation Rooms and All the Necessary Apparatus.

Dr. J. D. MacLennan, famous throughout California, Texas and other parts of the west for the marvelous cures he has effected through the practice of the vitapathic system, has arrived in this city and secured apartments for the winter at 137 St. Charles street.

This new and remarkably successful treatment of all the ills that flesh is heir to was explained to a representative of the Picayune by this celebrated and accomplished physician, in substance as follows:

"Of course," said the doctor, "I must start by reminding you of a fact with which you are already, doubtless, well acquainted, namely, that man is composed of earth and air, which is simply the confirmation of the statement made in the Book of Books. Our bodies contain twelve principles, viz: Iron, soda, potash, sulphur, phosphorous, fluoride, chlorine, calcium, nitrogen, hydrogen, oxygen and carbon. When God 'breathed into man the breath of life and he became a living soul,' these were the elements which composed that honored and wonderful temple. When this temple is dissolved the twelve elements above enumerated return into earth and air, and all the wonderful mechanism of the human body with its mysterious ramifications shall resume an indefinite form and amalgamate with those two elements whence it proceeded.

"Having reference to the twelve principles above named, when the molecular motion of these is disturbed by any cause whatsoever, sickness ensues, and unless the evil is checked, degeneration of some of these principles is the inevitable result, developing into the abnormal condition of some organ or tissue of the body. The philosophical deduction of course is, that whatever inorganic principles are lacking in the system, they must be supplied, and the converse in the event of excess. Poisonous drugs, such as sedatives and narcotics, introduced into the system which contains no corresponding elements, cannot accomplish the desired end; nor can any crude minerals do so, which latter are intended as a source of nutriment to the vegetable kingdom. In the vegetable kingdom is found the connecting link between the mineral and animal kingdoms, and these principles exist in the form of plasmatic living matter, which become suited for the sustenance of animal life. These principles become further sublimated in the animal kingdom, where they group together and form cells, organs, tissues, appendages, etc.

"By a chemical process the proximate principles and ferments of organic bodies and so on, which are normally prepared in the body by the glands, are extracted in my treatment. These are tasteless medicines, and when properly administered to the sick produce astounding results. Acute diseases are subjugated or checked immediately, and chronic diseases yield rapidly under the treatment.

"In many cases the remedy has to be applied externally at motor points, nerve centers and plexus by an electro-magnetic massage process, which helps to carry the remedy quickly to the seat of the disease. I have thus succeeded in restoring to perfect health many a hopeless chronic invalid."

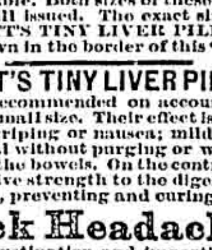
Without knife or nauseating drugs Dr. MacLennan cures. He might be called the embodiment of the highest medical science. In him nature has vested that great healing quality which has been recognized from time immemorial. But once in a generation is a man so highly gifted by nature to cure and bless suffering humanity with his powers. Thousands of relieved sufferers throughout the union unite in paying him the highest tribute of praise.

For many years the western exchanges of this papers have been loud in their praises of Dr. MacLennan's treatment of his patients, and without equivocation or mental reservation have indorsed him as the possessor of a high order of talent in the medical profession.

Dr. MacLennan has testimonials from a large number of well-known people in Texas and California, setting forth the details of the wonderful cures produced by his particular treatment, and invites the ladies and gentlemen of this city and the surrounding country to call at his rooms, 137 St. Charles street, and see and hear for themselves how disease can be conquered.

Come to Stay.

The terribly aggravated form of influenza, which physicians on the continent of Europe designate as "la grippe," seems to have effected a permanent lodgment this side the Atlantic. It makes its reappearance as soon as cool weather sets in, and not infrequently during the summer months. In the spring it is rampant. Nothing checks its first attack, or so effectually counteracts its subsequent ravages, as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The fortifying, invigorating influence of that beneficient tonic protects the system against the dangers which beset a feeble physique and a weakly constitution consequent upon abrupt transitions of temperature. It diffuses a genial warmth through the diaphragm, which is the best corrective or preventive of a chill, and is a means of neutralizing the effect of exposure in damp or rigorous weather. In dyspepsia, liver complaint, costiveness, rheumatism, malaria and kidney troubles it is never resorted to without good results.



We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges and Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.
Use it and pay if satisfied.
Address, VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, O.
ap23—eow26tW my24'91—SuTuThly

GOOD NEWS
For the millions of consumers of
Tutt's Pills
It gives Dr. Tutt pleasure to announce that he is now putting up a
TINY LIVER PILL
which is of exceedingly small size, yet retaining all the virtues of his larger ones. Guaranteed purely vegetable. Both sizes of these pills are still issued. The exact size of TUTT'S TINY LIVER PILLS is shown in the border of this "ad."
TUTT'S TINY LIVER PILLS
are recommended on account of their small size. Their effect is free from griping or nausea; mild and natural without purging or weakening the bowels. On the contrary, they give strength to the digestive organs, preventing and curing
Sick Headache
and constipation and imparting a healthy, roseate complexion. The great popularity of TUTT'S LIVER PILLS for thirty years is a guarantee of the merits of TUTT'S TINY LIVER PILLS, which are commended to old friends and to all who desire good appetite, healthy digestion, regular bowels and uniform good health. All druggists.

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND MALT,
WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.
CURES
CONSUMPTION,
BRONCHITIS, SCROFULA, COUGHS & COLDS, DEBILITY.
A FLESH PRODUCER.
THE DUKEHART COMPANY, - Baltimore, Md.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"Police Board. Conflicting stories concerning the Algiers gambling game. The charges against Sergeant Chas. H. Vogt dismissed." The Daily Picayune, New Orleans, Louisiana, 29 October 1891, page 3, column 1.
From Gale. 19th Century U.S. Newspapers. © 2008 Gale, a part of Cengage Learning, Inc. Reproduced by permission. www.cengage.com/permissions.